THE ALPINE CHRONICLE.

VOL. XIV, SILVER MOUNTAIN, ALPINE COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1876. NO. 709.

L. P. FISHER'S ADVERTISING AGENCY, 21 Merchants' Exchange, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Alpine Chronicle.

Published Every Saturday,

By R. M. & A. C. FOLGER.

ALEX. C. FOLGER. ROBT. M. FOLGER,

PUBLICATION OFFICE, MAIN STREET, CORNER FIFTH.

TERMS:

For one year (in advance)..... $5 00
For six months..... 3 00
For three months..... 1 75

Rates of Advertising:

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Delinquent Notices, per square, each time... 2 00
Meetings..... 5 00
Bankrupt Notices..... 10 00
Summons—usual length (two months)..... 25 00
Sheriff Sales—usual length..... 20 00
Constable Sales—usual length..... 20 00
Administrator Sales—usual length..... 20 00
Extra length, per square, ten lines..... 3 00
Probate Notices—Creditors'..... 6 00
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Postponements, half these rates.

Ten lines make a square.
These rates are payable in gold coin.

JOB WORK DONE AT THE LOWEST RATES.

County Official Press.

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L. P. FISHER.....SAN FRANCISCO
GEO. P. ROWELL & Co.....NEW YORK
S. M. PETTENGILL & Co.....NEW YORK
ROWELL & CHESMAN.....ST. LOUIS

1876	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
Jan.	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31					
Feb.			1	2	3	4	5
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	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
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	27	28	29				
Mar.			1	2	3	4	5
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	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31		
Apr.						1	2
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May.	1	2	3	4	5	6	
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Jun.					1	2	3
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1876	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
July.	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
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Aug.			1	2	3	4	5
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Sept.						1	2
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Oct.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
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Nov.				1	2	3	4
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Dec.						1	2
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	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31						

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. T. POE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW.

COUNTY JUDGE OF MONO.

Bridgeport,
e13-tf Mono County Cal.

THOMAS W. LEGGET,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

SILVER MOUNTAIN.

DEEDS, MORTGAGES, ETC., drawn.

☞ OFFICE.—*Treasurer's Office* d25-t

J. G. McCLINTON, A. W. CROCKER.

McCLINTON & CROCKER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

AURORA, NEVADA.

WHITMAN & MITCHELL,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW,

BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CAL.

G. N. WHITMAN,
DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF MONO COUNTY.
United States Commissioner in Bankruptcy,
BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY.

J. C. MITCHELL,
Notary Public,
BENTON, MONO COUNTY, CAL.
a10-tf

THOMAS J. ORGON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY OF ALPINE COUNTY
SILVER MOUNTAIN, ALPINE COUNTY

Special attention paid to procuring Mining Patents. ap25-tf

ACKERMAN'S

ONE DOLLAR STORE,

AND

Wholesale Department,

No. 189 J Street,

SACRAMENTO.

Keep a full line of

CHINA, CROCKERY, GLASS AND PLATED WARE

At Surprisingly Low Figures.

Human Hair Switches, from $2 50 to $10 00.

☞ Orders from the Country promptly attended to. ap18-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

PACIFIC REFINERY

AND

BULLION EXCHANGE,

416 MONTGOMERY STREET,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Assay returns for unparted Gold and Silver Bars made in 24 hours.

Deposits of Gold Bullion for Coin deposited before 12 o'clock, will be paid THE NEXT DAY after 12 M.

Returns of Fine Silver in from 10 to 20 days.

Bullion can be shipped by express and returns in coin made in the same manner.

J. G. KELLOGG,
President,
J. HEWSTON, Jr.,
Superintendent.
a19-3m Formerly of Kellogg, Hewston & Co.

ERICH G. GAERTNER,

Mining Engineer and Assayer.

UNITED STATES DEPUTY MINERAL SURVEYOR.

Rooms 8 and 9, No. 309 California Street,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

☞ Takes charge of everything connected with Mining Enterprises, Reports, Erection of Reduction works, Ore tests, Assays, Surveys, etc., etc. au25-tf

$55 a $77 a Week to Agents. Samples FREE. P. O. VICKERY, Augusta Maine. au26-1y

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following warrants will be paid on presentation:

On General Fund, Nos. 1260, 1289, 1298.

Dated Markleeville, August 24, 1876.

THOS. W. LEGGET,
County Treasurer.
au26

DR. C. BILLINGS,

DENTIST,

CARSON CITY, NEVADA. au5-1y

MINING NOTICES.

ANNUAL MEETING.

PENNSYLVANIA GOLD AND SILVER MINING COMPANY. Principal place of business, Silver Mountain, Alpine county, State of California. Location of Works, Silver Mountain Mining District, Alpine County, State of California.—Notice is hereby given that the ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Company will be held on MONDAY, AUGUST 21st, 1876, at 8 o'clock P. M. to elect Directors for the ensuing year, and transact such other business as may come before it.

ALEX. C. FOLGER,
jy15-td Secretary.

The above meeting was adjourned to the 16th day of September, 1876, at 8 o'clock P. M.

Silver Mountain, Aug. 20th, 1876.

a26-td ALEX. C. FOLGER, Secretary.

LEGAL.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE TO THE CREDITORS OF THE Estate of JOSEPH FENLY, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned Administratrix of the Estate of Joseph Fenly, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to Thomas J. Orgon, Attorney of Administratrix, at his office, in Court House, in the town of Markleeville, Alpine county, California.

MARY FENLY,
Administratrix of the Estate of Joseph Fenly, deceased.

Markleeville, Aug. 17, 1876. au19-1m

SUMMONS.

IN THE JUSTICE'S COURT OF SECOND Township, in the County of Alpine, State of California.

JAMES DAVIDSON, Plaintiff, versus SOL. SIMPSON and O. W. WARD, Defendants.

The People of the State of California send Greeting to Sol. Simpson and O. W. Ward, Defendants.

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff in the Justice's Court of the Second Township, County of Alpine, State of California, and to answer before the Justice at his office in said Township, the complaint filed therein, within five days (exclusive of the day of service), after the service on you of this summons—if served within the Township in which this action is brought; or, if served out of said Township, but in said county, within ten days; otherwise within twenty days.

The said action is brought to recover the sum of One Hundred and Sixteen and 50-100 Dollars, being a balance due on two accepted orders given by one Sam Dixon, accepted for payment by you, amounting to the full and just sum of One Hundred and Sixteen and 50-100 Dollars in U. S. gold coin, the said orders now being the property of this plaintiff. James Davidson, who claims to be the legal holder and owner thereof. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to so appear and answer said complaint, as above required, said plaintiff will take judgment against you for the sum of One Hundred and Sixteen and 50-100 Dollars gold coin, together with costs of suit.

Make legal service and due return hereof.

Given under my hand this 10th day of August A. D. 1876.

R. H. FORD,
Justice of the Peace of said Township.

THOS. J. ORGON, Plaintiff's Att'y. a12-2m

JOSEPH ROTHFELD. SIGMUND ROTHFELD.

ROTHFELD BROS.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

FANCY AND STAPLE

DRY GOODS.

Corner of J and Sixth Streets,

SACRAMENTO.

☞ Particular Attention given to Orders from the Country. d9-3m

TYPE METAL

(Better than Babbet)

For sale at this office.

WANTED TO BE AN EDITOR.

"Have you had any experience in the business?" we asked of a verdant looking youth who applied for an editorial position the other day.

"Haven't I, though?" he replied, as he shoved one foot under his chair to hide the unskillful patching of a backwoods cobbler. "I should say I'd had some experience; haven't I corresponded with the Pumpkinville Screamer for six weeks? Hain't that enough experience?"

"That will do very well," we replied, "but when we take young men on our editorial staff we generally put them through an examination. How much is twelve times one?"

"Twelve! Why, any little boy ought to an—"

"Hold on, please don't be too fast. Who discovered America?"

"Klumbus. Pshaw! Them questions are just as easy as—"

"Who was the first man?"

"Adam. Why, Mister, I knew all—"

"What was his other name?"

"His other name! Why, he didn't have none."

"Yes he did. You see that's where we've got you. His other name was Ebenezer—Ebenezer Adam, Esq., late of Paradise. Nobody knows this but editors, and see to it that you do not tell any one."

He said he wouldn't.

"How many bones are there in the human body?"

"Well, I forget now; but I knew wunst."

"What! don't you know that? Why there are 7,482,654,921,444 bones in an ordinary man. A man that snores has one more bone than other people."

"What bone is that?"

"The trombone. It is situated somewhere in the nose. You won't forget that, will you?"

He said he wouldn't. "How long would it take a mud turtle to cross the desert of Sahara, with a small orphan boy behind with a red hot poker?"

"Well, look here, mister, if I had a slate and pencil I could figure that out, but dog my skins if I'm much on mental arithmetic."

"Slate and pencil! Did you ever see a slate and pencil about a sanctum? Nonsense. Well, we'll let that question slip. Have you got a good constitution?"

"Putty tolerable good."

"How long do you suppose you could live on raw corn and faith and do the work of a domesticated elephant?"

"Lord, I don't believe I could live more'n a week."

"Well, that's about as long as you'd want to live if you got an editorial position on this paper. You appear to be pretty well posted; we shall ask you one more question, and if you prove equal to it, you can take off your coat and sail in."

Let's have 'er, squire. I didn't correspond with the Pumpkinville Screamer six weeks for nothin'. Let her come! I'm on deck, I am!"

"Well, sir, if two diametrical circles, with octagonal peripheries, should collide with a centrifugal idiosyncrasy, or, to put it plainer, we say a disenfranchised nonentity—what effect would the catastrophe exert on a crystalized codfish suspended by the tail from the homogeneous rafters of the empyrean?"

As the full force of this ponderous problem broke upon his bewildered brain he slowly dragged his inartistically cobbled shoe from under his chair and started from the room. We heard him descend the stairs, go out and close the door. We then placidly resumed our duties, regretting that so promising a youth should have been weighed in the balance and found wanting.

Twenty Brooklyn ladies voted on the question "Has a young lady the right to kiss a gentleman with whom she takes an evening drive?" There were nineteen affirmative votes. The one negative vote was cast by a woman with red hair and a glass eye.

The leaves of geraniums are an excellent application for cuts when the skin is rubbed off, other wounds of the same kind. One or two leaves must be bruised, applied on linen to the wound will become cicatrized in a very short time.

The Chinese are the only nation who know how to cover plants of sheet lead with thin layers of colorless glass. They use them on the sides and domes of their temples, to which they lend a lustrous and gorgeous appearance.

"Did you think of me while you were gone?" tenderly asked an uptown woman of her husband who had just got back from Florida. He said he did—once. It was when he saw an aligator's jaw.

A good bell metal consists of copper 100, tin 20 parts.

A BRAN DEVICE.

There was a score or more of women gathered together at Mr. Johnson's house. Mr. Johnson is a good hearted man and a respectable citizen, though he is skeptical about some things. The women had just organized "The Foreign Benevolent Society" when Mr. Johnson entered the room. He was at once appealed to to donate a few dollars as a foundation to work on, and Mrs. Graham added:

"It would be so pleasant in after years for you to remember that you gave this society its first dollar and its first kind word."

He slowly opened his wallet, drew out a $10 bill, and as the ladies smacked their lips and clapped their hands he asked:

"Is this society organized to aid the poor of foreign countries?"

"Yes—yes—yes!" they chorused.

"And it wants money?"

"Yes—yes!"

"Well, now," said Johnson, as he folded the bill in tempting shape, "there are twenty married women here. If there are fifteen of you who can make oath that you have combed your children's hair this morning, washed the dishes, blacked the cook stove and made the beds, I'll donate this $10.

"I have," answered two of the crowd, and the rest said:

"Why, now, Mr. Johnson!"

"If fifteen of you can make oath that your husbands are not wearing socks with holes in the heels, this money is yours," continued the wretch.

"Just hear him!" they exclaimed, each one looking at the other.

"If ten of you have boys without holes in the knees of their pants, this 'X' goes to the society!" said Johnson.

"Such a man!" they whispered.

"If there are five pairs of stockings in this room that don't need darning, I'll hand over the money!" he went on.

"Mr. Johnson," said Mrs. Graham, with great dignity, "the rules of this society declare that no money shall be contributed except by members; and, as you are not a member, I beg that you will withdraw and let us proceed with the routine business."—Washington *Chronicle*.

Whatever difference of opinion may prevail in regard to drinking stimulants there should be no difference of opinion among good men as to the guilt of drunkenness. So much has been said durin the temperance movement upon the sources and causes of intoxication, that the thing itself is sometimes in danger of escaping with little condemnation. As inducing reckless disregard of human life, it is a fearful evil and a crime. It is difficult and embarassing to secure the arrest of a half-drunken brute, though his manner indicates a violent and vicious tendency. Any fancied reflection by a mere look is enough to make him threatening and dangerous. One must wait for some desperate assault before there can be any sufficient ground for caging the beast. Consequently we see daily in stages, cars, and ferry-boats, men with passions inflamed by drink, moving about like conquerors, all quiet citizens exercising ingennity to avoid a difficulty and an explosion.—If greater rigor in arresting and confining intoxicated persons did not lessen the vice itself, it would make the victims more considerate and lead them to indulge themselves where their offense would not be so conspicuous and dangerous. Whatever may be the sin of the tempter, it does not lessen in any degree the vileness of the drunkard. He has dethroned his own reason, and has not the instinct of a dumb brute to guide him in his conduct. He is not fit for the companionship of sane men, and ought to be put in some safe place until he has recovered from the effects of the poison.

A horse, no matter how vicious and obstinate he may be when attempts are made to shoe him, can be rendered quiet and manageable by making him inspire during the operation a few grains of the ethereal oil of parsley dropped on a handkerchief. A large number of trials of this substance have been made with the most tronblesome and violent animals, and in every case with perfect success.

Very neat and elegant are the paper collars that you can now buy with a picture of George Washington on each corner. Martha is supposed to be on behind sewing on the button.

"Paris has perfumed hats," says an exchange. That's nothing new. Pass around a hat here any time in New York and it's sure to have a scent or two in it.

"We find that he came to his death from calling Bill Jackson a liar," was the verdict of a coroner's jury in Missouri.

THE GIRLS GO FISHING.

There are generally about six of them in a bunch, with light dresses on, and they have three poles, with as many hooks and lines among them.

As soon as they get to the river they look for a good place to get down on the rafts, and the most venturesome one strikes her boot heel in the bank and makes two careful step-downs; then she suddenly finds herself at the bottom, with both hands in the water and a feeling that everybody in the wide world is looking at her, and she never tells anyone how she got there. The other girls, profiting by her example, turn round and go down the bank on their hands and toes, backward.

Then they scamper over the rafts until they find a shallow place where they can see the fish, and shout:

"Oh! I see one."

"Where?"

"There."

"Oh, my! so he is."

"Let's catch him."

"Who's got them baits?"

"You lazy thing; you're sitting on my pole."

"Show me the wretch who stole my worm."

All of these exclamations are gotten off in a tone that awakens every echo within a mile around and sends every fish within three acres square into galloping hysterics. Then the girls, by superhuman exertions, manage to get a worm on the hook, and "throw in," with a splash like the launching of a washtub, and await the result. When a silver-fin comes along and nibbles at the bait they pull up with a jerk, that had an unfortunate fish weighing less than fifteen pounds been on the hook, they would have landed it in the neighborhood of three or four miles out in the country. After a while a feeble minded sunfish contrives to get fastened to the hook of a timid woman, and she gives vent to her tongue:

"Oh! something's got my hook!"

"Pull up, you little idiot," shout five excited voices, and poles and hooks are dropped as they rush to the rescue. The girl with the bite gives a spasmodic jerk which sends the unfortunate sunny into the air the full length of forty feet of line, and he comes down on the nearest curly head with a damp flop that sets the girl to crawling as if there were bumblebees in her hair.

"Oh, murder! take it away. Ugh! the nasty thing!"

Then they hold up their skirts and gather about that fish as it skips over the logs, one all the time holding the line in both hands, with her foot on the pole, as though she had an evil-disposed goat at the other end. They talk over it,

"How ever will he get off?"

"Ain't it pretty?"

"Wonder if it ain't dry?"

"Poor thing! let's put it back."

"How will we get the hook from it?"

"Pick it up," says a girl, who backs rapidly out of the circle.

"Good gracious! I'm afraid of it. There, it's opening its mouth at me."

Just then the sunny wriggles off the hook and disappears between two logs into the water and the girls try for another bite.

But the sun comes down and fries the backs of their necks, and they all get cross and scold at the fish like so many magpies. If an unwary chub dares to show himself in the water they poke at him with their poles, much to his disgust. Finally they get mad all over and throw away their poles, hunt up the lunch basket, climb up into the woods, where they sit around on the grass and caterpillars and eat enough dried beef and rusk and hard boiled eggs to give a wood-horse the nightmare; after which they compare notes about their beaux until sundown, when they go home and plant envy in the hearts of all their muslin-de-laine friends by telling what "just a splendid time they had."

BURNS AND SCALDS.—The recent fearful explosion on board the British ironclad Thunderer has called out the publication of many recipes and remedies. Among them all, the following, contributed by an old and experienced physician, has the merit of convenience and readiness. The remedy is simply this: The common whiting of commerce (found in nearly every kitchen), reduce by cold water to the consistence of thick cream, is to be spread on a light linen rag, and the whole burnt surface instantly covered, and thus excluded from the action of the air. The ease it affords is instantaneous, and it only requires to be kept moist by subsequent occasional sprinklings of cold water.

It takes a good deal of philosophy for a man who bumps his head against an empty shelf to excuse the shelf on the score of hard times.

What holds all the snuff in the world? No one nose.

DRUNKENNESS.

Matilda Fletch thus describes a farmer's wife who is not only beautiful and wise, but possesses several cardinal virtues in addition: "The most beautiful woman I have ever known was a farmer's wife, who attended to the household duties for a family of four, and also assisted in gardening and the light farm work; and yet I never saw her hands rough and red; I never saw even a freckle on her nose. Impossible! you say; how did she manage? I never asked her, but she had some envious neighbors who went slouching around with red, scaly hands, sunburnt faces, and there hair matted with dust and oil, who let me into the dreadful secret. They informed me with an ominous shake of the head that she was the proudest minx that ever lived; that she actually wore india rubber gloves when she used the broom and scrub brush; always when when she worked outdoors, that she had a bonnet made of oil-silk, completely covering the head, face and neck, leaving only apertures for seeing and breathing, thus securing perfect freedom from sun, wind and dust. Did you ever hear of such depravity? She also fastened her dish-cloth to a stick so that she need not put her hands in hot water. For the same reason she accomplished her laundry work with machine and wringer.—And then to see her in the afternoon tricked out in a fashionable white dress, with a bright colored and handsome ribbon around her throat, and a rose in her hair, entertaining in the parlor, as though she was the greatest lady in the land, was more than their patience could endure. And her husband? He had such a satisfied expression that it was a perfect aggravation to ordinary people to look at him. He deserved to be happy because he encouraged and helped her to cultivate beauty in herself, her family, and her home; and I don't know but her success principally belonged to him, because he brought all the new inventions that could lighten her labors and all the delicate and pretty things she needed to adorn her home, and when she was sick he wouldn't let her touch work until she was well and strong."

LIME WATER.—Milk and lime water are now frequently prescribed by physicians in cases of dyspepsia and weakness of the stomach, and in some cases to our knowledge the diet has proved very beneficial. Many persons who think good bread and milk a great luxury frequently hesitate to eat it, for the reason that the milk will not digest readily. Sourness of the stomach will often follow. But the experience of many will testify that lime water and milk is not only food and medicine at an early period of life, but also at a later, when, as in the case of infants, the functions of digestion and assimilation have been seriously impaired: A stomach taxed by gluttony, irritated by improper food, inflamed by alcohol, enfeebled by disease or otherwise unfitted for its duties, as is shown by the various symptoms attendant upon indigestion, dyspepsia, diarrhœa, dysentery and fever, will resume its work and do it energetically on an exclusive diet of bread and milk and lime water. A goblet of cow's milk, to which four tablespoonfuls of lime water have been added, will agree with almost any person, will be agreeable to the stomach when other food is oppressive, and will be digested when all else fails to afford nourishment.

The way to make lime water is to procure a few lumps of unslaked lime, put the lime in a stone jar, add water until the lime is slaked and is about the consistence of thin cream. The lime will soon settle and leave a clear and pure liquid at the top, which is lime water. As the water is taken out more should be added, and the lime should be frequently stirred up and allowed to settle.

"Are you there, my love?" he whispered through a hole in the fence of his beloved's back yard. "Yes, darling," was the reply, "Jump right over." He did so and alighted in the presence of her mother, a broomstick and a policeman.

The latest improvement in mills for grinding wheat, etc., consists in the use of porcelain rollers for crushing the wheat previous to submitting it to the millstones. The result is an improvement in the quality of the flour, and a larger yield in a given time.

A Baptist minister in Connecticut got thirty cents week before last as a marriage fee. The bridegroom remarked that times were hard.

A square of 208.72 feet each way covers one acre, so also does a circle 235.5 feet in diameter.

These new styles of paniers do away with newspaper bustles, and a journal must run on its merits alone.

THE CHRONICLE.

Saturday, Sept. 16, 1876.

County Official Press.

TO OUR READERS.

As many of our subscribers will visit the Centennial at Philadelphia during the Summer, we have to inform them that the ALPINE CHRONICLE will be found on file at Rowell's Newspaper Exhibition Building, at File No. 368.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,
RUTHERFORD B. HAYES,
(of Ohio.)

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM A. WHEELER,
(of New York.)

FOR ELECTORS AT LARGE:
JOHN F. MILLER,
MORRIS M ESTEE.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.
D. A. McKINLEY,
JOHN B. FELTON,
JOHN A. JEWETT,
J. OSTRANDER.

FOR CONGRESS—SECOND DISTRICT;
H. F. PAGE.

FOR CONTROLLER OF STATE,
DANIEL M. KENFIELD,
(of Tuolumne County.)

ELECTION, NOVEMBER 7, 1876.

NEW PATENTS.—Through dispatches to Dewey & Co., Patent Agents, United States Patents granted to Pacific inventors on this Coast, viz:

Joseph Britton, S. F., turn-tables for endless traction ways; Timothy Carroll, Anaheim, Cal., tree transplanters; Geo. O. Leonard, Red Bluff, Cal., methods of setting hair triggers of rifles, etc.; F. J. Symmes, S. F., protectors for chandeliers; Thirsy L. Wadsworth, Sacramento, Cal., (executrix of Wadsworth, deceased), machines for compacting loose granular sugar into cubes; John Winterburn, Cambria, Cal., ore roasting furnaces.

The Secretary of the Interior recently sent an agent out West to unearth frauds in the Land Offices. Many have been discovered, more than four-fifths of the locations being in California, where land is in greater demand. In Minnesota there were 47; Kansas, 3; Nebraska, 25; California, 857; Oregon, 8; Nevada, 4; Colorado, 8; Wyoming, 3; Dakota, 37; Washington, 60.

MAINE ELECTION.—At the election in Maine, on Monday last, the Republicans made a clean sweep, electing their Congressmen, and a large majority of the Legislature, and Governor by about 16,000 majority. Republicans gained heavily throughout the State.

At a Republican pole-raising in Lancaster, Ohio, on Saturday last, the pole fell, killing three men and wounding several others. Several journals have received specials from New York showing that the ropes were cut by the Democrats.

It is stated that J. C. Flood, now in New York, is considering a proposition to establish a branch of the Nevada Bank in that city, to ship the bullion product of bonanza to it direct, instead of to San Francisco.

The President has issued a proclamation ratifying the treaty between the United States and Sandwich Islands. The products of the Islands are now admitted free of duty.

Pools are selling in New York as follows: $1,000 to $620 on the election of Hayes; $120 to $95 on the Republicans carrying New York; even on the Indiana October election.

The former independence of Polish administration has been entirely abolished by Russia and the office of Secretary of State for Poland is to be suppressed.

Ethan Allen, the celebrated trotter, who, in his palmy days, with a running mate, beat Dexter with a record of 2,15, died on Sunday last, aged 27 years.

Ex-Governor Henry A. Wise died at Richmond on Tuesday last. He signed the death warrant of John Brown, whose "Soul goes marching on!"

The Nevada State Fair opened at Reno on Monday last, and bids fair to be a complete success.

California has been very fortunate in the matter of awards on wines at the Centennial.

Ben. Butler has been nominated for Congress in the Seventh Massachusetts District.

Lucius Robinson has been nominated by the Democrats of New York for Governor.

The Sutro Tunnel is now in 14,285 feet.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

It may not be generally known that the last Legislature adopted the Constitutional Amendments submitted by the previous Legislature. The amendments in question effect a radical change in the Judiciary and Elections, relieving the State and counties of many expenditures. The September General, and October Judicial Elections are dispensed with, and in lieu thereof, a General Election is to held every two years, commencing in 1877, on the Tuesday following the first Monday in November. County Courts are abolished, its duties devolving upon the District Courts.—Every county containing less than 20,000 inhabitants is to elect one District Judge; counties containing more than 20,000 inhabitants may elect such further number of District Judges as shall be prescribed by statute, not exceeding one for every 20,000 inhabitants, and one for such fraction as shall exceed 10,000. District Judges are to be elected for a term of six years, and their Courts are to be always open to business. This will be a great saving of time and expense to litigants. The Supreme Court is to consist of one Chief Justice and six Associates, to be elected for a term of fourteen years, and no elector can vote for more than four.—The District and County Judges are legislated out of office on the first Monday of January, 1878; the Supreme Judges on the first Monday of January, 1879. These are much needed reforms, and are acceptable to the taxpayers.

WHY DEMOCRACY SHOULD NOT BE TRUSTED.

For the following reasons Democracy has no claim upon the loyal people of the nation for their support or confidence:

1. It encouraged the dangerous heresy of States' Rights, and educated the people of the South to rebel against the Government.

2. It refused, when in power, to take steps against the threatened disruption of the Union, and permitted the rebellion to assum formidable proportions when prompt action would have crushed it in its inception.

3. By its oft-expressed sympathies for the rebel cause during the prosecution of the war it held false hopes to the Confederates, and thereby prolonged the conflict at the expense of hundreds of thousands of lives and millions of treasure.

4. When victory was about to crown efforts to preserve the Union it resolved in national convention that the war was a failure and demanded that it should cease.

5. Since the close of the war it has placed every obstacle possible in the way of an honorable and peaceful adjustment of the questions growing out of the abolition of slavery and the change condition of affairs incidental to the close of an exhaustive war.

6. It opposed in Congress, and in the several States Legislatures, the adoption of the thirteenth, fourteenth, and fifteenth amendments, and, failing to defeat them, has continued its opposition by teaching its followers in the South that they are not bound to obey or respect them.

7. It has approved, either by silence or open defense, the outrages committed by the Democrats of the South on those who differed in political opinion.

8. It represents the worst elements of society, the ignorance and vice of the North and the disloyal sentiment of the South.

9. Its return to power would tend to destroy our credit by adding to our already heavy dept claims of doubtful character growing out of the rebellion, and pressed for payment by Democratic influence.

10. It is the same old party that was driven from power in 1860 by an indignant people whom it attempted to betray. It is false in everything that constitutes honorable oranization, and is unworthy of trust or confidence. For the reason given it ought not to be trusted by the American people.

HEROINE.—A few days ago Dr. Smith, of Oswego, arrived in town with his family, on a visit to his brother, D. Lewis Smith, at No. 121 Warren street. Saturday afternoon Dr. Smith's children, with others, went to Billings Park, and while playing in the vicinity of the fountain a little six-year-old daughter of Alonzo F. Park fell into the basin. There was nobody at hand save the little girl's playmates and, as would be reasonably expected, for some time they were beside themselves with terror. Finally, as the little one had gone down or was going down for the last time, a little seven-year-old daughter of Dr. Smith exclaimed, "I can't stand here and see little Cora drown," and jumping into the water was the means of saving the life of her playmate. When she went home she said to her mother, "Mamma, you won't whip me, will you, because I got wet?"

Of such material as little Jessie Smith Grace Darlings and other like heroines are made We learn that Mr. Park's gratitude is justly so deep that he purposes presenting the rescuer of his little daughter with some suitable memento.—*Syracuse Standard.*

The Vermont and Maine elections are satisfactory indications for the Republicans.

MINING NOTICES.

Application for a Patent to a Mining Claim.

No. 798. | UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, Sacramento, Cal., Aug. 30, 1876.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT LEWIS CHALMERS, whose Post Office is Silver Mountain, Alpine county, California, has made application for Patent for 2,962 linear feet of the Saugatuck, and Fremont, and Buckeye No. 2 quartz, vein, lode, or mineral deposit, bearing gold, with surface ground 200 feet, situate in Silver Mountain Mining District, Alpine county, California, and described in the plat and field notes on file in this office as follows, viz:

SURVEY OF EXTERIOR BOUNDARIES OF SAUGATUCK AND FREMONT.

Commencing at a post in mound of earth and stone, at northern boundary of line along the lode, marked E. M. CO., 39, from which a pine stump marked 39 bears s 33° 45' e 92 links dist. and a pine stump 42 in dia. marked 39, bears s 44° 45' e 110 links dist.: Thence, Var 17° E, s 78°e 1.52 chains set post marked E. M. CO. 39 in mound of earth near the center of small ravine, from which post a cedar stump marked 39 bears n 88° e, 87 links distant, and a cedar stump marked 39 bears s 88° 15'e, 158 links.—Thence, s 12° w 7.23 chains; set post marked E. M. CO. 39 in mound of rocks, said post is set on the Exchequer Mining Co's dump, from which the s e corner of Exchequer hoisting building bears n 25° 15' e 94 links distant, and the n e corner of a log cabin bears s 69° w 35 links dist. Thence, n 69° 45' w 1.53 chains to southern boundary of claim along the lode, 3.08 chains; set post marked E M CO. 39 in mound of earth close to and on the western side of n w corner post of Lady Franklin's claim, from said post a pine stump bears n 55° 15' e 40 links distant. Thence, n 12° e 6.77 chains, set post marked E M Co. in mound of earth and stone, from which a porphyry rock marked 39 bears n 66° w 78 links distant, and a cedar tree marked 39, 18 in dia. growing on a ledge of porphyry rock bears s 78° 30' w, 132 links distant. Thence s 78° e 1.22 chains to place of beginning. Containing 2 12-100 acres.

SURVEY OF EXTERIOR BOUNDARIES OF BUCKEYE No. 2:

Commencing at a post marked E M Co. 39, in mound of earth at northern boundary of line along the vein or lode from which a double mahogany tree marked 39, bears n 61° w 35 links distant, and a mahogany tree marked 39 bears n 7° 15' e, 37 links distant. Thence, Var. 17° E, n 58° 30' e, 1.52 chains, set post marked E M Co. 39 in mound of earth, from which a mahogany tree marked 39, bears n 60° e 42 links distant and a mahogany tree marked 39, bears n 30° w 77 links distant. Thence, s 31° 30' e 37.58 chs, distant set post marked 39, in the center of a small ravine, from which the n e corner of the Fremont claim bears s 8° e, 115 links distant, Thence, s 58° 30' w 1.52 chains to a post in mound of earth and stone at the southern boundary of line along the vein or lode. Thence n 78° w 1.52 chains to n w corner post of Fremont claim. Thence, s 12° w 0.58 chains, set stake in mound on the w boundary line of Fremont claim. Thence, s 12° w 37.21 chains, set post marked E M Co. 39 in mound of earth and stone, from which a fir tree 42 in dia. mkd 39, bears s 25° 30' e 35 links distant. Thence, n 58° e 1.52 chains to place of beginning. Containing 11 40-100 acres.

CONNECTING LINE:

From the post set in the southeastern corner of the Saugatuck and Fremont claims set in a mound of rocks on the Exchequer Mining Co's dump, and marked E M Co. 39, the n w corner of T. 8, N. R. 23, E., bears s 69° 42' 11" e 801.31 chains distant.

Said mining claims and premises being designated as Lot No. 40, in Section —, Township 9, North, Range 21 East, Mt. Diablo Base and Meridian.

That part of said vein known as the Fremont was relocated May 1st, 1872, by E. H. Erickson, et al. The Saugatuck claim consists of 106 feet of the said Fremont lode, located June 28, 1873, by F. A. S. Jones, and relocated July 1, 1872, by John Sauquet. That part of said vein known as Buckeye No. 2 was located July 1, 1861. All of said locations being of record in the Silver Mountain Mining District.

The applicant claims by purchase.

Adjoining claimants are the Lady Franklin claim on the south and the Exchequer North Extension on the north.

All persons holding any adverse claims thereto are hereby required to present the same before this Office within sixty days from the first day of publishing hereof,

T. B. McFARLAND,
Register.

au9-2m

Application for a Patent to a Mining Claim.

No. 693. | UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, Sacramento, Cal., Aug. 30, 1876.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT LEWIS CHALMERS, whose Post Office is Silver Mountain, Alpine County, California, has made application for Patent for 2,560 linear feet of the Exchequer North Extension quartz vein, lode or mineral deposit, bearing gold; together with a mill-site, non-contiguous; also with surface ground 200 feet, situate in Silver Mountain Mining District, Alpine county, California, and described in the plat and field notes on file in this office as follows, viz:

EXTENSION NO. 1.

SURVEY OF EXTERIOR BOUNDARIES.

Beginning at a mound of rocks, under a mahogany tree, at northerly end of lode line from which a small cedar tree 8 in dia and 12 feet high, bears s 52° w 212 links distant, and 2 small firs bear s 69° e 152 links distant. Thence, Var. 15° 40' E, n 60½° e 152 chains to mahogany stake in mound of rock, from which a clump of trees (1 cedar and 2 firs) bears s 42° e 125 links distant. Thence, s 58½° e 22.67 chains to post marked E M Co. 39, in earth and stone mound, at n e corner of Exchequer mine or Buckeye No. 2. Thence, s 58½° w 1.52 chains to post marked E M Co. 39, at southerly end of lode line 3.03 chains to post marked E M Co. 39, in mound of earth, at n e corner of Exchequer mill, or Buckeye No. 2. Thence, n 29½ w 22.7 chains to mahogany stake in mound of rocks from which a small cedar tree 8 in dia. in ledge of rocks, bears s 42° w 60 links distant. Thence n 60½° e 1.51 chains to place of beginning.

Containing 6 89-100 acres,

EXTENSION NO. 2.

SURVEY OF EXTERIOR BOUNDARIES:

Beginning at a post marked E M Co. 2 in mound of earth and stone at northerly end of lode line, from which a fir 4 feet dia. bears s 25½° w 108 links distant (this E. M. has the top taken off, and is peeled to the bottom by lightning) a big green fir 3½ feet dia. with the bark burnt off half way round and about 20 feet up (burnt place facing post) bears n 26° w 188 links distant. Thence, Var. 15° 40' E, n 60½° e 1.52 chains, set post marked 2 M Co. 2 in mound of earth, from which a big green fir, with bark burnt off half way round and about 24 feet up bears n 65½° w 233 links distant. Thence, s 29½° e 15.15 chains to mahogany stake in mound of rock, from which a small clump of trees, 1 cedar and 2 firs, bears s 4° e 1.25 chains distant. Thence, s 60½° w 1.56 chains to mound of stone on southerly end of lode, 3.03 chains to mahogany stake in mound of stone from which a small cedar tree, 8 in dia, in ledge of rocks bears s 42° w 60 links distant. Thence, n 9½° w 15.15 chains, set post marked C M Co. 2 in mound of earth, from which a fir 4 feet dia. bears s 77½° e 130 links distant; a big green fir 3½ feet dia. bears n 14° e 255 links distant. Thence, n 60½° e 1.51 chains to place of beginning.

Containing 4 60-100 acres.

SURVEY OF MILL SITE.

Beginning at a post marked M 1 set in mound of earth, from which a big pine stump 2½ feet dia, and about 20 feet high bears n e 3 links distant and running thence, Var. 15° 40' e n 79° e 3.96 chains; set post marked M 2 in mound of earth. Thence, n 47° e 2.93 chains set post marked M 3 in mound of earth and stone from which the s e corner, at base of a brick, smoke stack, about 50 feet high and 12 feet square at base, bears n 40° w 93 links distant; from s e corner of said smoke stack post marked E M Co. 39 in earth mound, at southerly end of lode line of the Exchequer Extension No. 1 bears n 71° 42' 34" w 192.61 chains distant. Thence, n 69° 15' e 6.55 chains, set post marked M 4 in earth at s e corner of a picket fence. Thence, n 19° w 1.95 chains set post marked M 5 at the s h edge of a large granite boulder 4 feet dia. a pine 3 feet in dia. touches the boulder on the north side; another pine 3½ feet dia. bears s 22° w 43 links distant. Thence, n 81° w 7.18 chs set post marked M 6 between two granite boulders, from which a pine tree 2½ feet dia. on the n bank of Silver creek, bears s 55° e 35 lks dist. Thence s 63° w 6.13 chains to point in Silver creek, about 10 feet from its north bank, from which point a witness post marked M 7, set in the bank about 20 feet above the bed of stream, by the side of a small dry pine stump, about 6 in dia., and 2 links to the west of a conglomerate boulder 6 feet dia. bears n 16° 15' w 98 links distant. Thence, s 16° 15' e 4.35 chains to place of beginning.

Containing 5 acres.

Said mining claims and premises being designated as Lots 39A and 39 B, in Section —, Township 9, North, Range 20, East, Mt. Diablo Base and Meridian.

The 1st Northerly Extension was located by Joseph Fisher, May 13, 1876, and the Second [illegible] located by Peter [illegible]

MINING NOTICES.

lyter, May 15, 1876, and recorded in the Records of Silver Mountain Mining District. The applicant claims by purchase. The applicant claims the millsite by purchase.

Adjoining claimants are the Buckeye No. 2 on the south—this claim being an extension of the said Buckeye No. 2.

All persons holding any adverse claims thereto are hereby required to present the same before this Office within sixty days from the first day of publishing hereof.

au9-2m T. B. McFARLAND, Register.

LEGAL.

SUMMONS.

IN DISTRICT COURT OF THE SIXteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Alpine.

B. E. HUNTER vs. SCHENECTADY SILVER MINING COMPANY, a Corporation.

Action brought in the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the county of Alpine, and the complaint filed in said county of Alpine, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court, on this 14th day of June, A. D. 1875.

The People of the State of California, send Greeting to Schenectady Silver Mining Company, a Corporation, Defendant.

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named Plaintiff in the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the said county of Alpine, and to answer the complaint filed therein, (a copy of which accompanies this Summons) within ten days, (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this Summons—if served within this county; or, if served out of this county, but within this Judicial District, within twenty days; or if served out of said District, then, within forty days—or Judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of said complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain judgment against you for the sum of $2,309 60 gold coin, on the foreclosure of a certain lien filed by Plaintiff, and for a decree of the Court directing the sale of the premises described in Plaintiff's complaint, for the sum of $330 gold coin, Attorney's fees in this action, and for costs of suit, and such other and further relief as to the Court may seem meet and proper.

And you are hereby notified, that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as above required, the said Plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief prayed in his complaint.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the District Court of the Sixteenth Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the county of Alpine, on this the 6th day of June, in the year of our Lord One Thousand, Eight Hundred and Seventy-six.

[L S]

L. M. BUEL, Clerk.

In the District Court of the 16th Judicial District of the State of California, in and for the County of Alpine.

B. E. Hunter vs. Schenectady Silver Mining Company, a Corporation.

Upon reading and filing the affidavit of B. E. Hunter and it satisfactorily appearing therefrom to me, L. M. Buel, Court Commissioner of Alpine county, Cal., for the 16th Judicial District, that the Defendant, Schenectady Silver Mining Company and its agents, resides out of this State and cannot after due diligence be found therein, and it appearing from the affidavit aforesaid that a cause of action exists in this action in favor of the Plaintiff herein and against said Defendant and that said Defendant, Schenectady S. M. Co., is a proper and necessary party thereto, and it further appearing that a Summons has been duly issued out of said Court in this action, and that personal service of the same cannot be made upon said defendant for the reason herein before named, and by the said affidavit made to appear,

On motion of S. W. Griffith, Esq., Attorney for Plaintiff, it is ordered that service of the Summons in this action be made upon the Defendant by publication in the ALPINE CHRONICLE, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said Alpine county, and that such publication be made at least once a week for two months.

And it further, in a like manner, satisfactorily appearing to me that the place of business of said Defendant is known to be at the City of Schenectady, County of Schenectady, and State of New York, it is ordered that a copy of the Summons and a certified copy of the complaint in this suit be forthwith deposited in the Post Office, post paid, directed to said Defendant at its place of business.

Dated, June 6th, 1876. L. M. BUEL,
Court Commissioner 16th. Dist. Court.
je10-2m Alpine Co., Cal.

S. W. GRIFFITH, Plaintiff's Atty.

MISCELLANEOUS.



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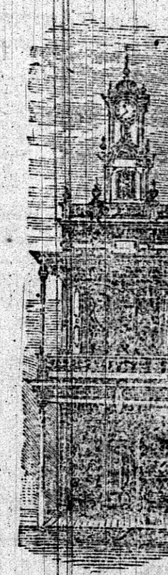
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Net Surplus in 1873	3,500,000 99
Paid Cash Dividends in 1873	1,798,708 99
Paid Death Losses in 1873	1,979,227 24
Paid Cash Dividends, to members only since organization	14,782,609 12
Paid Death claims since organization	15,209,666 61
Expense of management in 1873, 8.59-100 per cent.	

The Directors have ordered that hereafter dividends be paid to all entitled thereto on payment of the second premium; thus, those insuring in 1874 will receive a dividend in 1875, and older policy holders will receive two dividends in that year.

LEWIS C. GROVER,
President
L. SPENCER GOBLE,
Vice President.
EDWARD A. STRONG, Secretary.
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The following from the *Coast Review*, the only Insurance journal on the Pacific Coast, is to the point:

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ADVERTISE
IN
THE CHRONICLE.

THE CHRONICLE.

Saturday, Sept. 16, 1876.

County Official Press.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

MOUNTAIN.—In accordance with the action of the stockholders' meeting held July 17th, 1876, the office of the Mountain Gold and Silver Mining Company No. 1 has been removed from Silver Mountain to San Francisco, and on Monday last the new Board of Directors met at that city, and organized by the election of the following officers: S. Reinstein, President; John N. Barber, Secretary; and M. Hart, Treasurer.—The Board passed a resolution to sell the new issue of stock at the rate of one dollar per share, to an amount not exceeding 10,000 shares, ten per cent. payable at time of subscribing, and ten per cent. monthly until paid up. The Directors and stockholders in San Francisco are taking a lively interest in the new organization, and we trust that they will have the enthusiastic support of the shareholders in Alpine county. Subscription books will be at once opened in San Francisco, Sacramento, and Silver Mountain. The Directors hope to have sufficient stock subscribed to enable work to commence upon the mine early in October.

A CHANGE.—The Amendments to our State Constitution, noticed in another column, effects Alpine county, both financially and politically. The abolishment of the County Court relieves us of one thousand dollars payment per annum for Judge's salary, and fees attending his Court. The lateness of the season, Tuesday after the first Monday in November, will probably deprive us of the Bear Valley and Hope Valley vote, the Summer residents preferring to vote at their Winter homes, rather than assume the risks of being snowed in. It is gratifying to know that, while losing the vote of those Republican precincts, they will be cast in counties needing them more than Republican Alpine.

STRAWS.—The vote of Silver Mountain promises to be large next November, and registering of voters is going on briskly, and, thus far, the roll shows at the rate of eleven Republicans to one Democrat. The signs of the times are that Silver Mountain, in the near future, will be the "center of population and votes."

LADY FRANKLIN.—On Friday last, Crowson Smith, Vice President; and Richard Meager, Superintendent; arrived from San Francisco for the purpose of starting up work on this mine, which has been idle since 1866. Sinking will commence on Monday next, and work will be prosecuted with vigor.

CALIFORNIA CONSOLIDATED.—Parties from San Francisco are negotiating for the purchase of this mine, and probably it has been consummated. The intention is to commence work at once by sinking. The mine is situated in Noble Canyon, Silver Mountain Mining District.

ADVANCE.—For the past ten days, on account of striking a heavy body of water, work has been suspended, there being ninety feet of water in the shaft. A pump, 15,000 gallons per hour, arrived to day, and will be in position for work on Tuesday next.

UNITED.—It is a matter of history that the Indepdents wrested Alpine from the Republican party, but they have returned to their first love, and hand in hand with us will cast a solid vote for Hayes and Wheeler, and Frank Page.

PENNSYLVANIA.—An adjourned Annual Meeting of this Company will be held, at the CHRONICLE office, on Monday evening next at 8 o'clock.

EXCHEQUER.—Good ore continues to be taken from this mine. A house is being erected for the reception of the new engine.

I X L.—Good ore is being taken from the upper tunnel. Stations are being prepared at the other levels. Grading for the mill is progressing.

ERROR.—The article on the first page, "Drunkenness," should have been under the caption: "A Farmer's Wife,"

The Greenback party in Connecticut have nominated a full State ticket, with Charles Atwater for Governor.

HOW TO VANQUISH THE STOMACH'S TORMENTOR.

If the Enemy of mankind was permitted to exert his diabolical ingenuity in the invention of a new disease, he could scarcely devise one more worthy of his genius than dyspepsia.—The dyspeptic sufferer is tormented by symptoms resembling those of almost every known malady, and is often worried into monomania by these conflicting and perplexing manifestations. A favorable though absurd hallucination of the victim of chonic indigestion is that he or she has heart disease. Dyspepsia has often been pronounced incurable, but experience has shown that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will vanquish it, together with the constipation and bilious derangement which usually accompany it. Diseases of the kidneys and supposed rheumatic pains are also frequent concomitants of dyspepsia, but they, too, succumb to the above named invaluable correct.

FROM WOODFORDS.

WOODFORD'S, Sept. 15, 1876.

Three weeks have passed since our last writing, and it has been such a busy time that we have scarcely had time to take a chew of tobacco, and if we go back three weeks our items may be somewhat stale, so we will only take a side glance at what is passing around us. Farmers are getting their crops pretty well secured and are feeling happy to think they are likely to get a breathing spell. No one has been whipped or run out of the county since our last writing, and peace and quiet seem to be the order of the day. Mr. Carlson and family have gone to Oakland to reside, the climate here not agreeing with Mrs. Carlson's health; they will be missed in this neighborhood. W. P. Merrill has gone East to visit his parents, whom he has not seen for twenty-three years, while his better half is basking in the sunshine of Oakland. They expect to be absent about six weeks. Woodford's now has what it has long felt the need of—a first-class blacksmith. All kinds of work in that line will be done with neatness and dispatch. Horseshoeing is made a specialty and is put down to three dollars. And now, if the firm does not advertise its business, it must do its own puffing after this. Grain crops are at a fair average throughout the valley, but the vegetables are very short, especially potatoes. Half the farmers in Carson Valley will have to buy potatoes for home use. Those who are fortunate enough to have any are asking three cents a pound for them, on the ranch, while a few who are a little harder on the consumers are holding on for five cents. There seems to have been among the young folks a mania for marrying, during the past three weeks, and the prospects are favorable for a number of others to do likewise, soon. We are satisfied, so long as they don't carry off our "schoolmarms" to Salt Lake. When a fellow goes seven miles three times a week to see his dulcinea it looks to us as though some judge or minister would have some tender words to say before long. Hoil says next time he carries lunch to invalids he wants to be sure that it will be appreciated before he goes to so much trouble. If you want to know the difference between a dress and a wrapper, ask Hans; he can explain it to a dot. From the best authority we can get, we think it took about two more men to hold Jubal up the next morning after the free and easy at Fredericksburg than it did Fred Bridgerhoff himself.

RURAL.

It was found in July last that Tweed was in Santiago de Cuba, having passed there from Havana. General Jovellar was applied to by the American Consul to have Tweed secured and sent to the United States. General Jovellar was quite willing, even in the absence of an extradition treaty, to oblige the American Government, in return for their courtesy in the Arequillez case, some years ago. Tweed, however, was apprised in Santiago of his impending danger, and sailed for Vigo, Spain, July 27th, on the sailing vessel Carmen. Minister Cushing thereupon notified the Spanish Government of the fact, and found them willing to arrest Tweed and return him to Cuba or deliver him to the American Consul. Every precaution was taken by the Spanish Government to secure Tweed's arrest in any port of Spain or on any coast line by which he might arrive. Stringent orders were given to the local authorities, especially those of Vigo and the Galican coast. On September 6th the Carmen hove in sight off Vigo and was immediately boarded by the Governor of Pontevede. That official recognized Tweed at once from photographs which he had had in his possession for some time. Tweed was entered on the ship's papers under the name of Secor, and was accompanied by a man giving his name as Wm. Hunt, who is said to be his nephew. Both were at once secured and thrown in the calaboose, under a strong guard, but were subsequently transferred, by order, to a fortress in Vigo, under command of the Captain-General. Mr. Adee, Charge d'Affaires of the United States in the absence of Minister Cushing, visited the Spanish Minister at La Granja and arranged for the surrender of Tweed to the American Government.

The following order was issued from the Treasury on Monday last: Until further notice, silver bullion in the form of fine or unparted bars, foreign coin, amalgam, plate, etc., will be purchased at the mints of the United States at San Francisco, Carson and Philadelphia and at the assay office in New York. The purchasing rate will be 101 cents per standard ounce at Philadelphia, San Francisco and New York, and 100½ cents at Carson, payable in United States gold coin. The determination of value will be by mint assay, the seller paying the mint charges for melting, refining and parting, conformable to the law and regulations.

Edward S. Stokes, the murderer of Jim Fisk, will be released from the Auburn prison on October 23d.

The Ohio State Greenback Convention decided not to nominate a State ticket.

[From the London Times, July 25, 1876.]

AMERICAN JOURNALISM.

[From our Special Correspondent.]

PHILADELPHIA, July 10.

I have frequently had occasion to notice the big way in which the Americans do things, and I do not know that it would be easy to find an apter illustration of this than that furnished by the "Centennial Newspaper Building," in the exhibition grounds. Here you may see any one, or, if you like, all of the "8,129 newspapers published regularly in the United States." In England a man thinks it cheap if he is given his choice of a few score of newspapers for a penny; and as our penny is here practically represented, as a rule, by a five cent or even a ten cent piece (the smallest shoeblack, for instance, expects ten cents (5d.) for shining your boots), a man could scarcely grumble if asked, say a quarter of a dollar, or one shilling, for the run of the 8,000 papers. Need it be said that in the Centennial Building he can see them one and all for nothing?" He is not only permitted as a favor to see them, but he is invited, nay pressed, to confer the favor of entering the building and calling for what paper he likes. As he passes the entrance his eye is caught by some such kindly and courteous invitation as "Come in and see a paper from your home." "Write your name in the register, give your card to the superintendent and make yourself at home." The home into which he is thus cordially welcomed is, moreover, a very pleasant one. Without any pretensions to imposing architectural effect, it is simple, elegant and neat. Its length is 67 feet; its width 46 feet; its height 33 feet. It is admirably lighted and ventilated by long rows of windows and a large lantern roof. Open on all sides, it catches every breath of air that ventures in this weather to stir out, and on one side the air is cooled by passing over the lake, on the border of which the building is pleasantly situated. It is, in fact, altogether about as cool and agreeable a place—quite apart from its literary attractions—as a visitor to the Exhibition could wish to be offered a chair in. He may at first wonder how among 8,000 papers, among them such mighty sheets as the New York *Herald*, he is to get at the small, loved print of his home, thousands of miles away, it may be, over the Rocky Mountains. But the management is so simple that by consulting the catalogue any one can at once find any paper that he wants. They are pigeon holed on shelves in the alphabetical order of their States or Territories and their towns, the names of which are clearly labeled on the shelves. Thus, the papers of Abbeville, in Alabama, would be found on the first shelf, and those of Laramie City, in Wyoming, on the last; but any one in difficulties has only to apply to one of the eight superintendents, who, "all pineapples of politeness," are ready to execute his orders as if they bodily belonged to him. If he would like to take notes or write, he has, in two galleries which run around the upper part of the building, his choice of some thirty desks, with pens, ink and paper, all provided, of course, gratis; or, if he has ladies with him, or friends with whom he wants to have a perfectly private chat, there are at his disposal two or three private rooms comfortably fitted up. The visitor is, in fact, so spoiled that before he has been in the building five minutes he begins to feel himself injured because he cannot order at the usual prices of the establishment an iced "cocktail" and a bath.

It will not, I hope, detract from the merits of this pleasant home and refuge for the warm and weary readers of newspapers to mention that it is an advertisement, since no attempt is made to disguise the fact. It is a fact which, however harmless in itself, is in America too often mixed up with lofty motives and professions, the juxtaposition with which makes it ludicrous, to say nothing worse.

But the proprietors of the Centennial Newspaper Building are avowedly advertising agents—the largest, I believe, in all America—Messrs. G. P. Rowell & Co., of New York. Their enterprise will cost altogether about $20,000, or £4,000, including the building and the expenses of "running" it for six months. How much comes out of their pockets, I cannot say, as they have been largely subsidized by some of the leading American papers. But they have the management of the enterprise and will naturally get the lion's share of the glory. It will certainly make their names known all over America, in corners which they may never have reached before. For the Americans are newspaper readers to a man—almost to a child; nor indeed does one need to be an American to appreciate the opportunity of resting in a comfortable room, in order to read the latest news from one's home. I have seen quite young children in the building conning their papers as steadily and attentively as the adult voters around them. It is possible, I admit, that they were reading one of the newspapers for children, of which a large number are published in America. One of them, according to the catalogue issued by Messrs. Rowell & Co., has a circulation of 127,000. The 8,000 and odd American newspapers are declared by the same authority to exceed "the combined issues of all the other nations of the earth." [illegible] surprised to find that of this number no less than 6,235, or more than three fourths, are weekly. Some of them belong to classes to which in England the word "newspaper" would scarcely be applied, and to which even Webster's definition of a newspaper as a "sheet of paper printed and distributed at short intervals for conveying intelligence of passing events," would not permit it to be applied. Such are the semi monthly publications (105), the monthly (747), and even the quarterly (67). The State of New York naturally supplies the largest number, 1,818; in the city alone there are considerably over 400. Next comes Pennsylvania with 738, Philadelphia contributing over 160. Then come Ohio, Iowa, Missouri and Indiana, all outstripping that model State and centre of enlightenment, Massachusetts, although she issues nearly 350. It is worthy of remark that the West, young and raw as it is, seems more go ahead and enterprising in journalism than the refined and venerable East. California already ranks fourth in the number of its dailies. For five years six new journals, on an average, have been started in America every day; but as old ones die out, the actual increase during that time has not been much over 2,000. Some of the names of American newspapers might to an Englishman seem enough to strangle them in the birth. Such are the *Union Spy*, *Jolly Giant*, *Aurora Brazileira*, *Broad Axe of Freedom*, *Unterrified Democrat*, *Painted Post Times*, *Roman Citizen*, and—Greek shades forgive for ever chronicling such an outrage—*Homer's Iliad*, side by side too with *Horsehead's Journal*. After this it is somewhat of a relief to be assured that a "high average (of newspapers) is always found in company with a high standard of education and good order."

The yellow fever has appeared in New York.

QUARTERLY FINANCAL REPORT.

To the Hon. Board of Supervisors of Alpine County:—

The following Financial Report for the Quarter ending August 7th, 1876, is respectfully submitted:

INCOME.

To Migratory Stock tax of 1875-76		$1,176 63
To Per. Prop. tax of 1875-76		1,403 07
To Liquor Licenses, 8 3d class		108 00
To Traders " 4		16 20
To Peddlers " 1		4 50
To Theater " 1		4 50
		$2,712 90

APPORTIONMENT.

By State Fund	$ 287 75	
By General Fund	426 41	
By Salary Fund	977 38	
By Contingent Fund	342 09	
By School Fund	336 21	
By Building Fund	98 71	
By Amador Fund	244 35	
		2,712 90

CONDITION OF THE SEVERAL FUNDS:

STATE FUND.

To Bal. in Fund May 1 1876	$455 88	
To am't paid in to Aug. 7, 1876	287 75	
	743 63	
By am't paid State	455 83	287 75

GENERAL FUND.

To Bal. in Fund May 1, 1876	$152 05	
To am't paid in to Aug. 7, 1876	426 41	
	576 46	
By warrants redeemed to Aug. 7	319 26	259 20

SALARY FUND.

To Bal. in Fund May 1, 1876	$ 48 53	
To am't paid in to Aug. 7	977 38	
	1,025 91	
By warrants redeemed to Aug. 7	991 18	34 73

CONTINGENT FUND.

To Bal. in Fund May. 1, 1876	$1,658 81	
To am't. paid in to Aug. 7, 1876	342 09	
	2,000 90	
By warrants redeemed to Aug. 7	223 74	1777 16

BUILDING FUND.

To Bal. in Fund May 1, 1876	752 94	
To am't paid in to Aug. 7, 1876	98 71	
	851 65	
By warrants redeemed	144 75	706 90

SCHOOL FUND.

To Bal. in Fund May. 1, 1876	$1,916 99	
To am't paid in to Aug. 7, 1876	336 21	
	2,253 20	
By warrants redeemed	767 19	1,486 01

AMADOR FUND.

To Bal. in Fund May 1, 1876	194 67	
To am't paid in to Aug. 7, 1876	244 35	
	439 02	
By warrants redeemed	194 67	244 35
		$1,756 10

Dated Markleeville, Aug. 7, 1876.

L. M. BUEL,
County Auditor
THOS. W. LEGGET,
County Treasurer.

MEDICAL.

TASTELESS MEDICINES.

A prominent New York physician lately complained to DUNDAS DICK & CO. about their SANDALWOOD OIL CAPSULES, stating that sometimes they cured miraculously, but that a patient of his had taken them without effect. On being informed that several imitations were sold, he inquired and found his patient had not been taking DUNDAS DICK & CO.'S.

What happened to this physician may have happened to others, and DUNDAS DICK & CO. take this method of protecting *physicians, druggists and themselves*, and preventing OIL OF SANDALWOOD being coming into disrepute.

PHYSICIANS who once prescribe the Capsules will continue to do so, for they contain the pure Oil in the best and cheapest form.

DUNDAS DICK & CO. use more OIL OF SANDALWOOD than all the Wholesale and Retail Druggists and Perfumers in the United States combined, and this the sole reason why the pure Oil is sold cheaper in their Capsules than in any other form.

OIL OF SANDALWOOD is fast superseding every other remedy, sixty Capsules only being required to insure a safe and certain cure in six or eight days. From no other medicine can this result be had.

DUNDAS DICK & CO.'S SOFT CAPSULES solve the problem, long considered by eminent physicians, of how to avoid the nausea and disgust experienced in swallowing, which are well known to detract from, if not destroy, the good effects of many valuable remedies.

Soft Capsules are put up in tin-foil and neat boxes, thirty in each, and are the only Capsules prescribed by physicians.

TASTELESS MEDICINES.—Castor Oil and many other nauseous medicines can be taken easily and safely in DUNDAS DICK & CO.'S SOFT CAPSULES. NO TASTE. NO SMELL.

☞ These were the only Capsules admitted to the last Paris Exposition.

Send for Circular to 35 Wooster street, N. Y.

SEWING MACHINES.

14,878 FLORENCE SEWING Machines were sold on the Pacific Coast from the Agency at San Francisco, previous to August 1, 1875.

If there is a Florence Machine within one thousand miles of San Francisco not working well and giving entire satisfaction, I will, if informed of it, fix it without expense to the owner, and will pay the freight both ways.

2,258 FLORENCE MACHINES were sold on the Pacific Coast in 1874—the largest number of Family Sewing Machines ever sold here in a single year, of any kind.

SAMUEL [illegible], Agent,
No. 19 New Montgomery street,
Grand Hotel Building, S. F.

s11-1y

CAPITAL WOOLEN MILLS

ARE MANUFACTURING

BLANKETS, CASSIMERES,
Check, White, Blue and Scarlet
FLANNELS,
ETC., ETC.

ALSO, A FULL ASSORTMENT OF FLANNEL
Overshirts and Underwear,

To which they invite the attention of the Trade.

CASSIMERE SUITS MADE TO ORDER.

DEPOT,
No. 219 J Street, SACRAMENTO. o44f

CHROMOS. HEADQUARTERS FOR FOREIGN AND AMERICAN CHROMOS. Dealers, Agents, Trunk and Boxmakers, Newspaper Publishers and Tea Stores, will find a complete supply. Our new and brilliant specialities are unequaled. Our 9x11 Mounted Chromos outsell anything in the market. Twelve samples for $1 00; one hundred for $6 00. Illustrated Catalogue free. J. LATHAM & CO., 419 Washington St., Roston, Mass. P. O. Box 2154. o9

1876. D. W. EARL. 1876

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION Merchant and Wholesale Dealer in

FLOUR AND GRAIN.

Nos. 109 and 111 Front street.....Sacramento.
Railroad Depot.....Reno.
Railroad Depot.....Battle Mountain.
Railroad Depot.....Carson

Goods forwarded to all parts of the United States and Territories.

Shippers may relay upon having their goods forwarded at the lowest rates, with dispatch, and by the most favorable routes. m14-tf

JAMES MUNSELL, JR.,

GENERAL INSURANCE BROKER.

LIFE, FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE

PROMPTLY EFFECTED.

No. 224 Sansome street,
Corner of California, over the Bank of British Columbia.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Persons living in the Interior can secure insurance upon their property or lives through this Agency by correspondence. Upon request of parties desiring to effect insurance on their lives or property, we will forward by mail the necessary blanks to be executed by them, with full instructions regarding the same, which will enable us to place or effect their insurance in any first-class Company they may select. ja23-tf

DAVID STEPHENSON.

Saloon and Hall,

MONITOR.

The BAR is supplied with all that is required in a first-class saloon.

☞ The SPACIOUS HALL will be let on reasonable terms. s7-tf

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. mh18-1y

J. T. GRIFFITTS & CO.,

(Successors to Deuel, Griffitts & Co.)

249 J Street, between 9th and 10th,

SACRAMENTO

DEALERS IN

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS.
DRESS GOODS, ETC.,

☞ Orders from the Country solicited. Samples of Goods, with prices, sent Free upon application. f26tf

$5 to 20$ per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. ELLSON & Co., Portland, Maine. mh18-1y

SEND 25 cts. to G. P. ROWELL & CO., New York, for Pamphlet of 100 pages, containing list of 3,000 newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising. mh18-1y

TWO MONTHS FREE!!

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE,

"The Leading American Newspaper."

On receipt of $2 and this advertisement, THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE will be sent, postage paid, to any address until December 31, 1876, or for $12 50, six copies; for $20, eleven; for $30, thirty-one. Address

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. SAUQUET

Corner of Main and Sixth sts

SILVER MOUNTAIN,

His Stock comprises the

THE BEST OF

PROVISION,

GROCERIES,

WINES and LIQUORS

ENGLISH ALES and PORTER,

CIDER,

TOBACCO, CIGARS,

PIPES,

STATIONERY,

TOILET ARTICLES,

CLOTHING.

DRY GOODS,

MEN'S BOOTS and SHOES,

Ladies' and Children's Shoes,

Cutlery,

Mining Tools,

Builders, Hardware,

Powder, Shot, and Caps, Nails,

Wooden Ware,

Kitchen Furniture,

House Furnishing Articles,

Patent Medicines,

Oils,

Crockery,

Lamps, Wickings, and Chimneys,

Confectionery,

Etc., etc.

THE CHRONICLE.

CLOUGH & WARREN ORGAN CO.'S

'Improved

CABINET ORGANS



AND

GRAND COMBINATION

ORGANS,

FITTED WITH THE NEWLY INVENTED

Scribner's Patent Qualifying Tubes,

An invention having a most important bearing on the future reputation of Reed Instruments, by means of which the quantity o. Volume of tone is very largely increased, and he quality of tone rendered

Equal to that of the Best Pipe Organs of the Same Capacity.

re-eminent for Purity of Tone!

Every Instrument fully Warranted.

Our celebrated "Vo celeste," "Vox Humana," "Wilcox Patent," "Octave Coupler," the charming "Cello" or "Clarionet" Stops, "Gems Horn," "Cremona," "Vox Angelet," "Viola Etheria" and

All the late improvements

Can be obtained only in these Organs.

Fifty Different Styles,
For the Parlor and Church.
The Best Material and Workmanship,
Quality and Volume of tone Unequalled.

Prices, $50 to $500.

Factory and Warerooms, Cor. 6th & Congress streets,

DETROIT, MICHIGAN.

[Established in 1850] AGENTS WANTED EVERY COUNTY.

Address Clough & Warren Organ Co.
Detroit, Michigan.
s8-tf

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING!

THE

CHRONICLE OFFICE

Is prepared to furnish

The Lowest Prices.

Bill Heads,

Posters,

Cards,

Checks,

Notes,

Hand Bills,

Billets,

Circulars,

Receipts,

Tickets,

Labels,

Certificates,

Etc. Etc.,

MISCELLANEOUS.



BARNEY SCROLL SAW.
FOOT OR STEAM POWER.
Warranted to Cut 3 Inch Stuff 1 Foot per Minute.
Send for Circular.
PRICE, $30 00.

OSBORN & ALEXANDER,
624 MARKET STREET, opp. PALACE HOTEL. San Francisco
The Great Mechanics' Tool Store of the Pacific Coast.

JOHN McNEILL, *Sacramento.* L. S. ADAMS, *San Francisco.*

ADAMS, McNEILL & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

NO. 99 FRONT STREET, COR. L,

Sacramento, Cal.,

DEALERS IN

California Produce,

Quicksilver

and Fuse;

Wines, Liquors, and Tobacco.

AGENTS

CALIFORNIA POWDER WORKS,

of

SANTA CRUZ.

A LARGE VSSORTMENT OF ALL GRADES, both BLASTING und SPORTING POWDER, constantly on hand for sale at San Francisco prices, adding freight.

Particular attention given to packing goods for the country. We are in daily receipt of goods (not produced in California) via Central Pacific Railroad from Boston, New York, Cincinnati and Chicago. d26-tf

MEDICAL.

YOUNG MEN

Who may be suffering from the effect of youthful follies or indiscretions, will do well to avail themselves of this, the greatest boon ever laid at the alter of suffering humanity. DR. SPINNEY will guarantee to forfeit $500 for every case of seminal weakness, or private disease of any kind or character which he undertakes and fails to cure. He would, therefore, say to the unfortunate sufferer who may read this notice, that you are treading on dangerous grouud when you longer delay in seeking the proper remedy for your complaint. You may be in the first stage; remember you are approaching the last. If you are lordering on the last, and are suffering some or all of its ill effects, remember that if you persist in procrastination, the time must come when the most skillful physician can render no assistance; when the door of hope will be closed against you; when no angel of mercy can bring you relief. In no case has the Doctor failed of success.—Then let not despair wuck upon your imagination, but avail yourself of the beneficial results of his treatment before your case is beyond medical skill, or before grim death hurries you to a premature grave. Full course of treatment $25 00. Send money by Post Office order or Express with full description of case C. P. or Address,

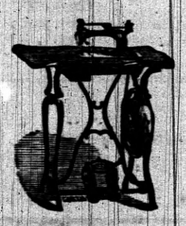
Dr. A. B. SPINNEY,
s18-1y No. 11 Kearny street, San Francisco

SEWING MACHINES.

OVER 200,000

WEED SEWING MACHINES

ALREADY SOLD.



HIGHEST HONORS

AWARDED TO THE

WEED SEWING MACHINE

AT THE

Vienna Exposition 1873.

GRAND MEDAL OF PROGRESS!

GRAND MEDAL OF MERIT!

AND, TO CAP THE CLIMAX, THE

GRAND MEDAL OF HONOR

To MR. GEO. A. FAIRFIELD, the Inventor and Superintendent of the Company's works, as CO-OPERATOR for

VALUABLE IMPROVEMENTS.

A. MEAD & CO.,
General Agents for the Pacific Coast
Office—152 New Montgomery street,
SAN FRANCISCO. o4-tf

To Millmen and Machinists.

TYPE METAL.

a quantities to suit can be had on app li cato to Jas. Stone Oppos.

SHERMAN & HYDE'S COLUMN.

WEBER PIANOS ARE THE BEST

Never before in the history of piano forte manufacture has an instrument risen so rapidly in popular favor.

Its intrinsic merit and decided superiority over all others has caused every musician and artist of note to adopt and recommend it.

Nilsson says, "I shall take every opportunity to recommend and praise your instruments."

Miss Kellogg says, "Your Pianos are my choice for the concert room and my own house."

Lucca says, "Your uprights are extraordinary instruments, and deserve their great popularity."

Patti says, "I have used the Pianos of every celebrated maker, but give yours the preference over all."

Strauss says, "Your Pianos astonish me. I have never seen any Pianos which equal yours."

Wehli says, "Madame Parepa called your Pianos the finest in the United States. I fully endorse that opinion. They have no rival."

SHERMAN & HYDE.

Corner of Kearny and Sutter Sts.
SAN FRANCISCO.

PACIFIC COAST AGENTS

FOR THE

WEBER PIANO

AND

Wholesale and Retail

DEALERS IN

SHEET MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS,

AND

MUSICAL MERCHANDISE

THE

SHERMAN & HYDE PIANO

Has Four Round Corners, Elegant Case, Grand Scale, Full Agraffe, Is First-class, and Fully Warranted for Ten years, Square or Upright, $450.

THE STEDMAN PIANO

Is 7 1-3 Octaves, Handsome Mouldings on top and bottom of case, Agraffe Treble, Carved Legs and Lyre, and is the Best Piano for the Price, $350.

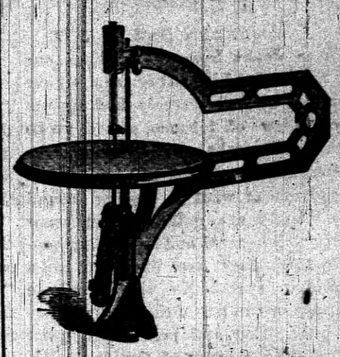
For Elegance of Case, Richness and Variety of Tone, Delicacy of Action and Durability,

THE STANDARD ORGAN EXCELS ALL OTHERS

For Illustrated catalogues, or any article in the Music Trade, Address,

SHERMAN & HYDE,
Cor. Kearny and Sutter Sts., San Francisco.
je10

MISCELLANEOUS.



MECHANICS, ATTENTION!



JUST ARRIVED,

Second Invoice of the New and Famous

SAWS.

"Desideratum."



Every Saw Fully Warranted.

ALL SAWS WHICH DO NOT PROVE SATisfactory exchanged for others of the DESIDERATUM brand or DISSTON'S Saws, at option of purchaser. Call and see them at

OSBORN & ALEXANDER'S.

THE BEST GROUND AND BEST HUNG SAW IN THE MARKET.

MANUFACTURED FOR AND FOR SALE EXCLUSIVELY BY



OSBORN & ALEXANDER,



IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN



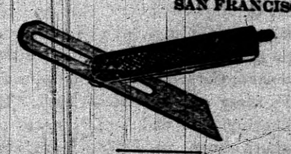
Mechanics' Tools and Hardware,



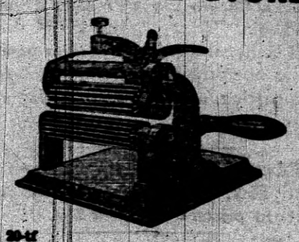
624 Market Street,



Opposite Palace Hotel.
SAN FRANCISCO,



THE WHITE STORE.



29-tf

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

J. W. HAINES'

STAGE LINE



from

SILVER MOUNTAIN

to

CARSON CITY.

VIA

BULLIONA, MONITOR, MARKLEEVILLE WOODFORD'S FREDERICKSBURG, SHERIDAN AND GENOA.

Leaves Silver Mountain every Tuesday Thursday, and Saturday mornings, and Carson every Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings.

FAST FREIGHT to our care promptly delivered.

J. W. HAINES.

V. & T. R. R.

ON AND AFTER FEBRUARY 8, 1875,

THROUGH PASSENGER TRAINS

For RENO, connecting with Eastern and Western bound Passenger Trains of the C. P R. R.

WILL LEAVE

Virginia City Station.....at 8:00 P. M.
Gold Hill.....at 8:22 P. M.
Carson City.....at 9:45 P. M
Arrive at Reno.....at 11 20 A. M.

WILL LEAVE

Reno.....at 3:00 A. M.
Gold Hill.....at 6:35 A. M.
Arriving at Virginia City....at 6:35 A. M.

Local Passenger Trains

LEAVE

VIRGINIA CITY

FOR CARSON CITY AT

7:45 A. M., 12 M., and 3:45 P. M.

LEAVE

CARSON CITY

FOR VIRGINIA CITY AT

8 A. M., 12 M., and 4 P. M.

Freight and Accommodation Trains

Leave Virginia City for Reno at 7:45 A. M. and 3:45 P. M. and will leave Reno for Virginia City at 7.30 A. M. 12.45 P. M. and 5.00 P. M.

Freight Trains

Leave Virginia City DAILY at 5.35 A. M., 7.45 A. M., 9.45 A. M., 12 M., 1.30 P. M., 3.45 P. M., 5.30 P. M. and 7 P. M.

Leave Carson City DAILY at 6 A. M., 8 A. M., 9.15 A. M., 12 M., 1.45 P. M., 4 P. M., 4.30 P. M., and 7.30 P. M.

At Virginia, Gold Hill and Carson offices, Through Tickets can be obtained to San Francisco, Ogden, and intermediate points on the C. P. R. R.

Through tickets can be procured at the Company's office, Virginia and Carson for all Eastern cities,

H. M. YERINGTON,
General Superintendent.

CENTENNIAL.

1776. 1876.

PROCLAMATION.

CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY.

THE POPULAR ROUTE OVERLAND.

Passengers for Chicago, Niagara Falls, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Montreal, Quebec, New York, Boston, or any point East, should buy their

TRANSCONTINENTAL TICKETS
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THIS IS THE BEST ROUTE EAST.

Its Track is of STEEL RAILS, and on it has been made the FASTEST time that has ever been MADE in this country. By this route passengers for points east of Chicago have choice of the following lines from Chicago:

BY THE PITTSBURG, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO AND PENNSYLVANIA RAILWAYS:

3 THROUGH TRAINS DAILY, with Pullman Palace Cars through to Philadelphia and New York on each train.

1 THROUGH TRAIN, with Pullman Palace Cars to Baltimore and Washington.

BY THE LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY AND CONNECTIONS (NEW YORK CENTRAL AND ERIE RAILROADS):

3 THROUGH TRAINS DAILY, with Palace Drawing Room and Silver Palace Sleeping Cars through to New York.

BY THE MICHIGAN CENTRAL, GRAND TRUNK, GREAT WESTERN AND ERIE AND NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILWAYS:

3 THROUGH TRAINS, with Pullman Palace Drawing Room and Sleeping Cars through to New York, Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Rochester or New York city.

BY BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD:

2 THROUGH TRAINS DAILY, with Pullman Palace Cars for Newark, Zanesville, Wheeling, Washington and Baltimore, without change.

This is the SHORTEST, BEST and only line running Pullman celebrated PALACE SLEEPING CARS AND COACHES, connecting with Union Pacific Railroad at OMAHA and from the WEST, via Grand Junction, Marshall, Cedar Rapids, Clinton, Sterling and Dixon, for CHICAGO AND THE EAST.

This popular route is unsurpassed for Speed, Comfort and Safety. The smooth, well-ballasted and perfect tract of steel rails, the celebrated Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, the perfect Telegraph System of moving trains, the regularity with which they run, the admirable arrangement for running through cars to Chicago from all points West, secure to passengers all the comforts in modern Railway Traveling. No changes of Cars and no delays at Ferries.

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